## Nugget of DMR-Funded Work:

## Controlled Porosity by Rearrangement of a Diblock Copolymer Brush

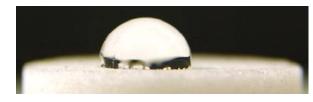
**Experimental system**:  $SiO_2$ /poly(methyl acrylate)-*b*-poly(pentafluoropentyl acrylate) brush on a glass frit (8-10 µm porosity) – brush thickness = 13 nm *Results*: water contact angles indicated a change in the surface composition that was induced by treatment with block-selective solvents or supercritical  $CO_2$ 

Implications: we have used a glass frit as a model for microfluidic channels...these results demonstrate that diblock brush rearrangement can alter flow...diblock brush rearrangement can be induced by compositional changes in the fluid

$$\theta_{\rm s}$$
 (sessile) = 135°  
 $\theta_{\rm a}$  (advancing) = 168°



$$\theta_{\rm s}$$
 (sessile)= 92°  
 $\theta_{\rm a}$  (advancing) = 110°



Poly(pentafluoropentyl acrylate) at surface

Poly(methyl acrylate) at surface

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